



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES

Public Health Service

The Binding Site
c/o Mr. Jay Geller
West Tower, Suite 4000
2425 West Olympic Blvd.
Santa Monica, CA 90404

JUL 28 2005

Food and Drug Administration
2098 Gaither Road
Rockville MD 20850

Re: k042579

Trade/Device Name: Bindazyme Human ASCA IgG EIA Kit
Bindazyme Human ASCA IgA EIA Kit

Regulation Number: 21 CFR 866.5785

Regulation Name: Anti-Saccharomyces Cerevisiae (ASCA) Test System

Regulatory Class: Class II

Product Code: NBT

Dated: September 20, 2004

Received: September 23, 2004

Dear Mr. Geller:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to such additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820); and if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

This letter will allow you to begin marketing your device as described in your Section 510(k) premarket notification. The FDA finding of substantial equivalence of your device to legally marketed predicate device results in a classification for your device and thus, permits your device to proceed to the market.

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If you desire specific information about the application of labeling requirements to your device, or questions on the promotion and advertising of your device, please contact the Office of In Vitro Diagnostic Device Evaluation and Safety at (240) 276-0484. Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21CFR Part 807.97). You may obtain other general information on your responsibilities under the Act from the Division of Small Manufacturers, International and Consumer Assistance at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 443-6597 or at its Internet address <http://www.fda.gov/cdrh/industry/support/index.html>

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "Robert L. Becker, Jr.", written in dark ink.

Robert L. Becker, Jr., MD, Ph.D
Director

Division of Immunology and Hematology
Office of *In Vitro* Diagnostic Device
Evaluation and Safety
Center for Devices and
Radiological Health

Enclosure

Indications for Use

510(k) Number (if known): K042579

Device Name: Bindazyme Human ASCA IgA EIA Kit

Indications for Use: This assay is intended for the in vitro semi-quantitative measurement of ASCA IgA anti-Saccharomyces cerevisiae antibody in human serum. The presence of ASCA may aid in the diagnosis of patients with Crohn's disease. The test results should be used in conjunction with clinical findings and other laboratory tests. The ASCA IgA should not be used alone as a screening test for ASCA. ASCA IgA test should be used to complement, but not to replace or to substitute the ASCA IgG antibody test since some Crohn's disease subgroup patients may not have IgA antibodies.

Prescription Use ✓ AND/OR Over-The-Counter Use _____
(Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D) (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)

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OF NEEDED)

Concurrence of CDRH, Office of Device Evaluation (ODE)

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Attachment H2

Maria Chan
Division Sign-Off

Office of In Vitro Diagnostic
Device Evaluation and Safety

510(k) K042579

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Maria Chen
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